

2015 MBA Applicant Survey

Shaping conversations
about the MBA admissions process
since 2009

Working draft, released 6/15 9:00am

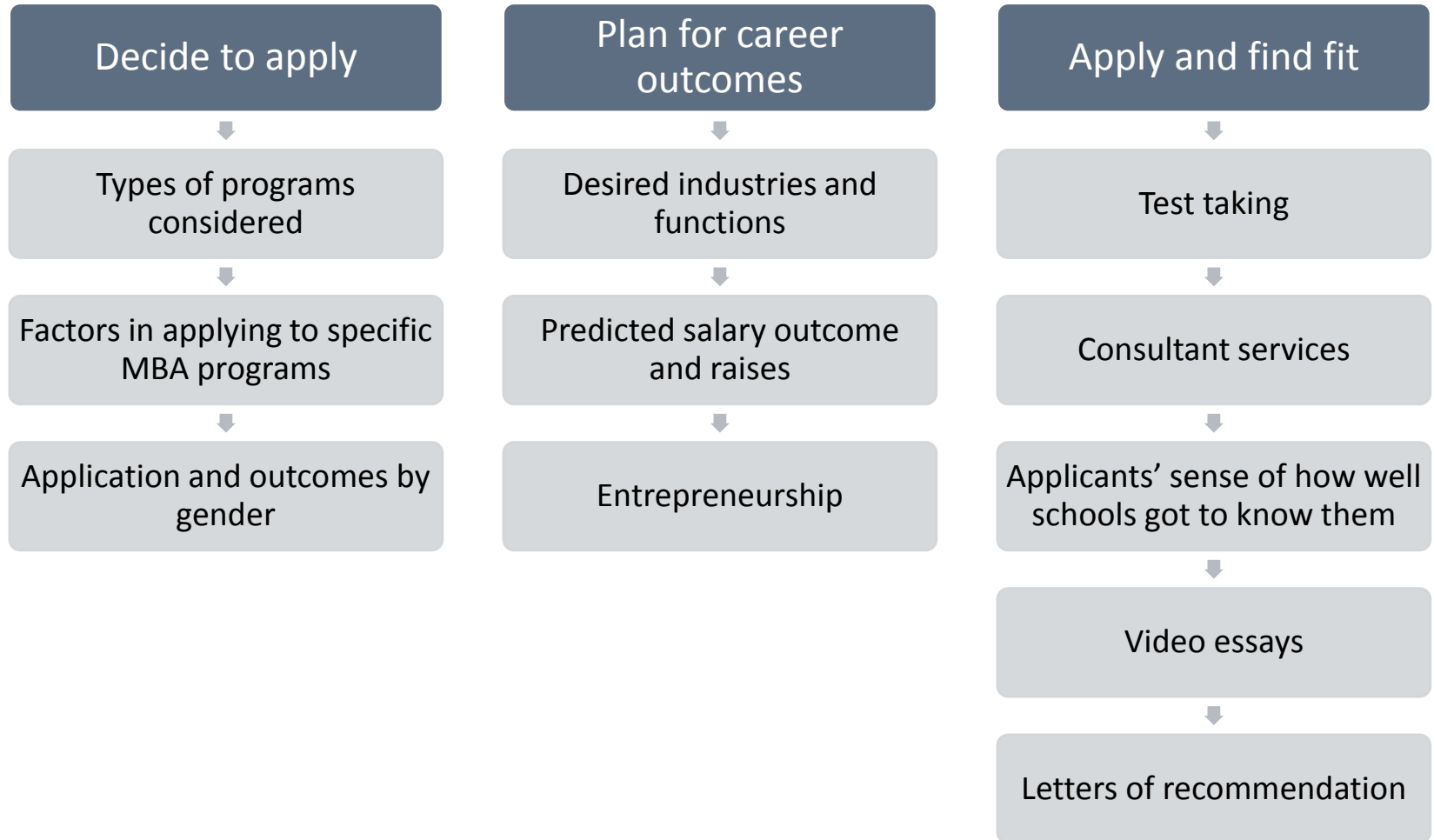
Executive summary

- Survey respondents continue to favor traditional MBA programs and select programs for familiar reasons
 - Female applicants more likely to consider joint degree and part-time MBAs
 - Women report a higher yield on applications
- Candidates report career outcomes consistent from last year
 - Consulting continues to be a top priority
 - Women indicate an increasing interest in entrepreneurship
 - Candidates expecting almost 50% increase in compensation through their MBA, consistent for men and women
- Applicant process continues to be demanding for candidates, ~50% of whom report using consultants
 - Applicants continue to submit the GMAT at much higher rates than GRE
 - 14% of female applicants report submitting GRE vs. 6% of men
 - Female applicants more likely to pay for test prep support
 - 30% begin working with consultants more than 6 months before the deadline
 - Applicants report building strong relationships with consultants
 - Applicants also continue to get to know schools well

Thank you, Survey Partners

- Analytics support
 - Huron Consulting Group helped design and execute the survey
 - Constituent Research provided survey analytics
- Distribution support (AIGAC consultants, affiliates, and partner organizations)
 - Large firms, partners with the most responses: Accepted.com, VeritasPrep, Agos Japan
 - Small firms, partners with the most responses: RoundOne, Maxx Associates
 - Partner organizations: Beat The GMAT, Dominate the GMAT

Overview and methodology



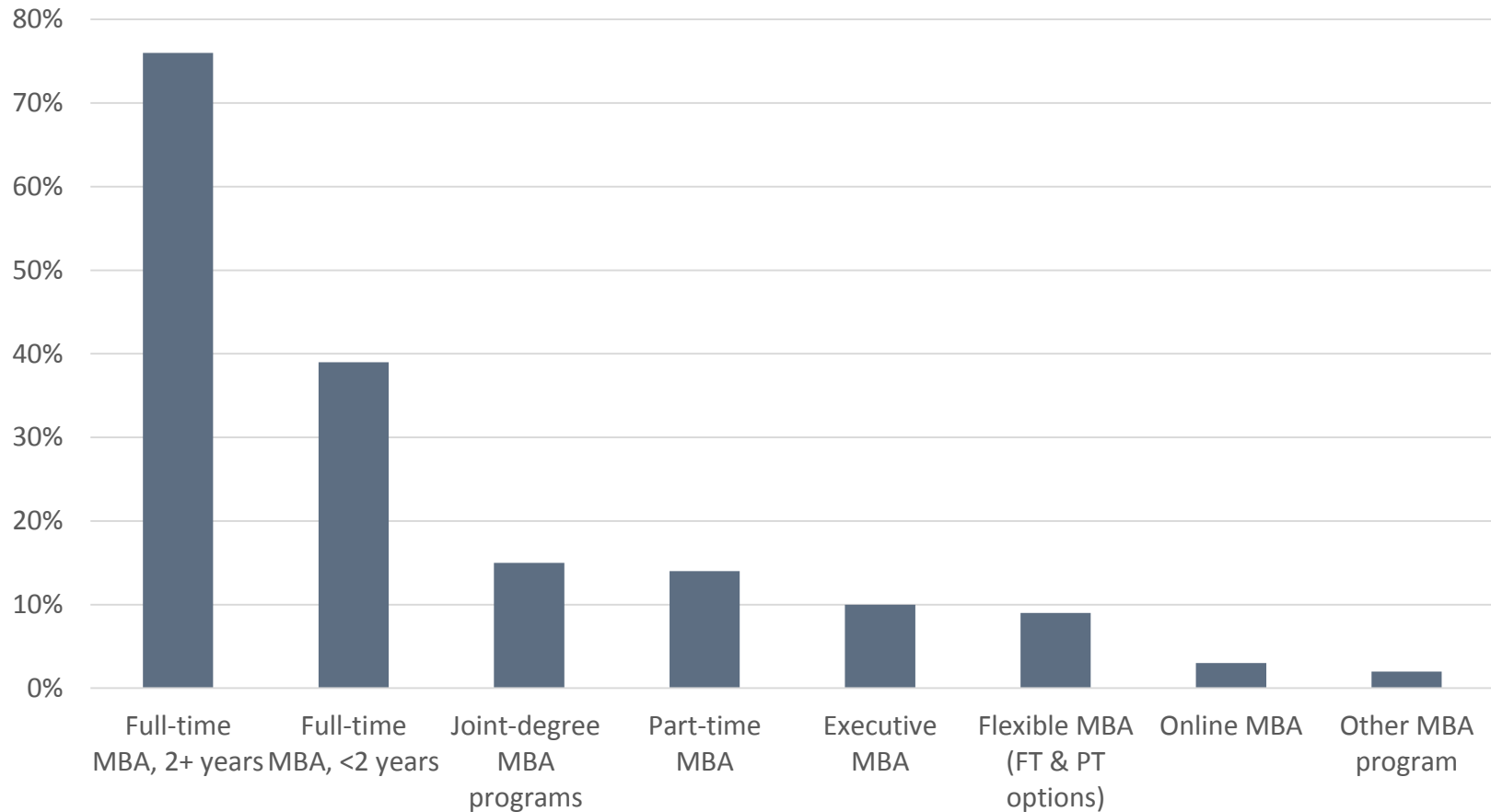
Decide to apply

Types of programs considered

Factors in applying to specific MBA programs

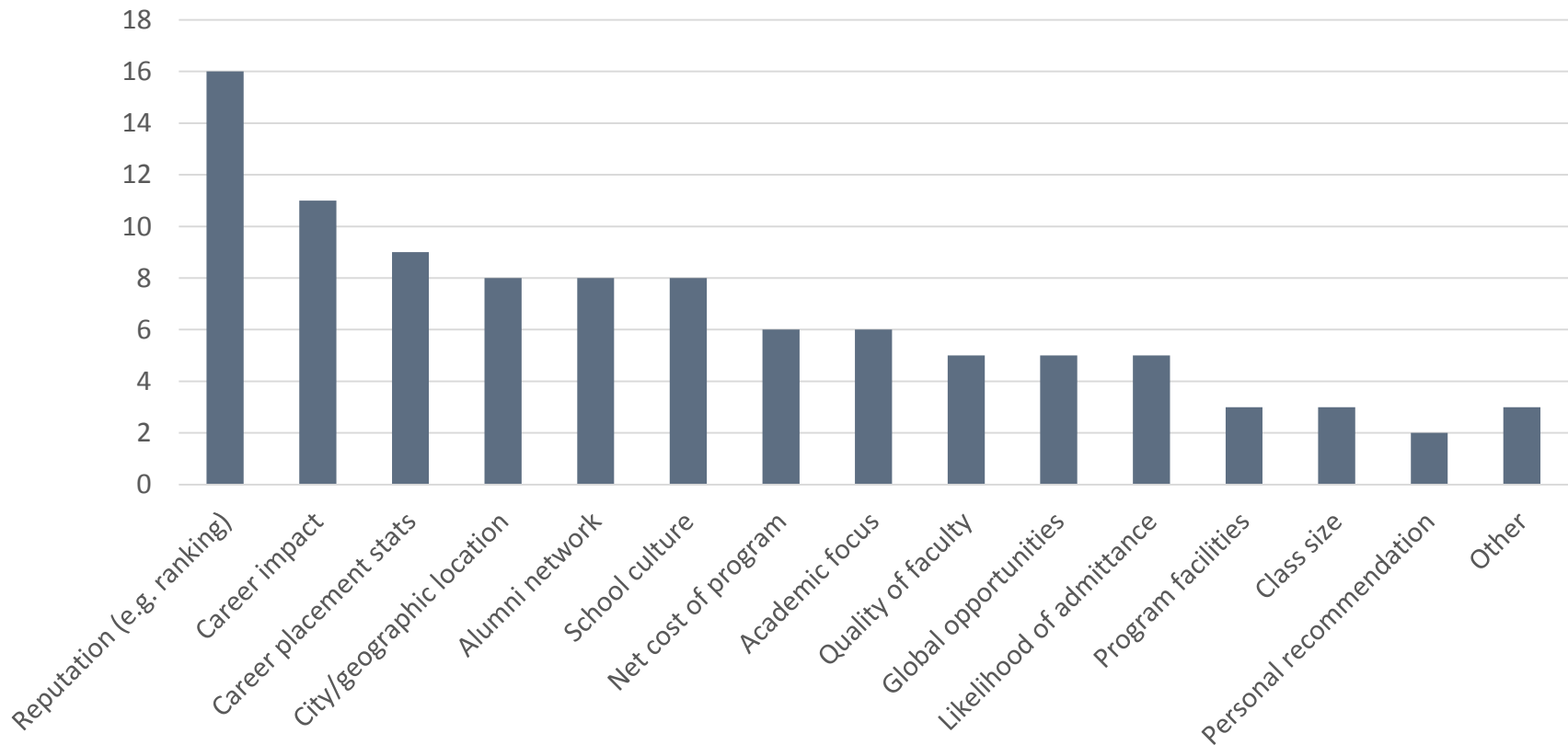
Application and outcomes by gender

Most survey respondents considered traditional MBA programs



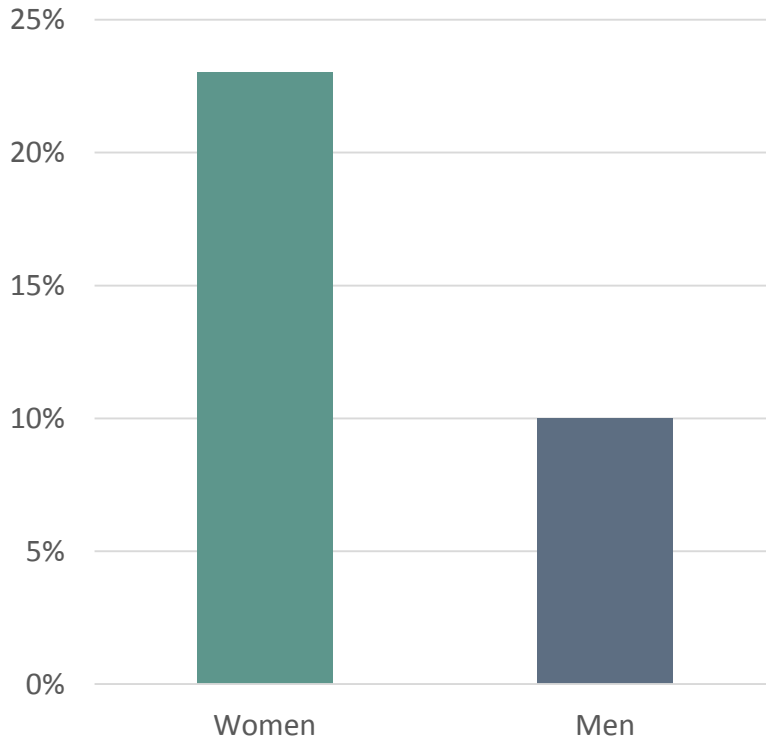
Applicants continue to select programs based on reputation and career impact

How important are each of the following factors to you?
(Allocate 100 points)

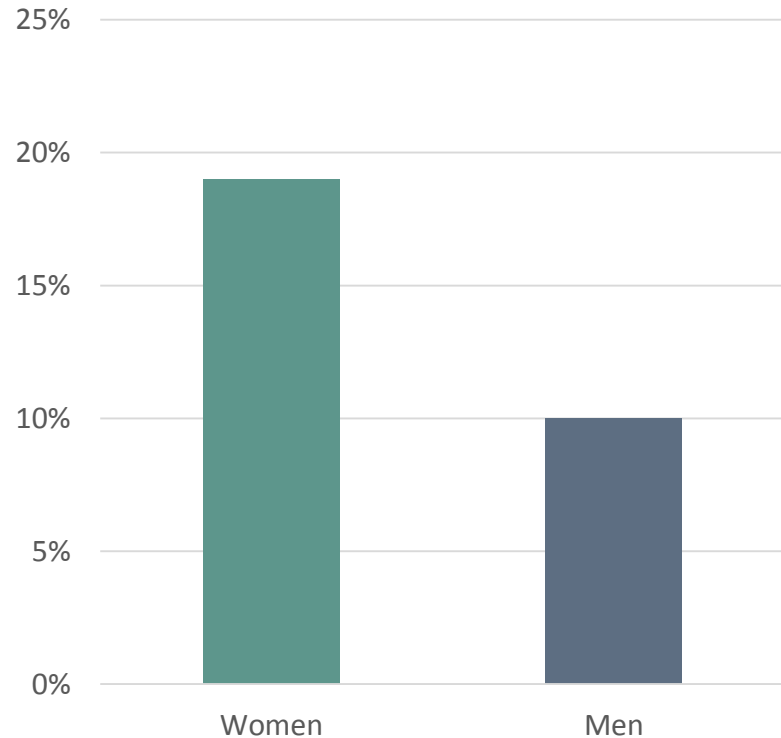


Female applicants more likely to consider diverse program types

More women consider joint degree programs...

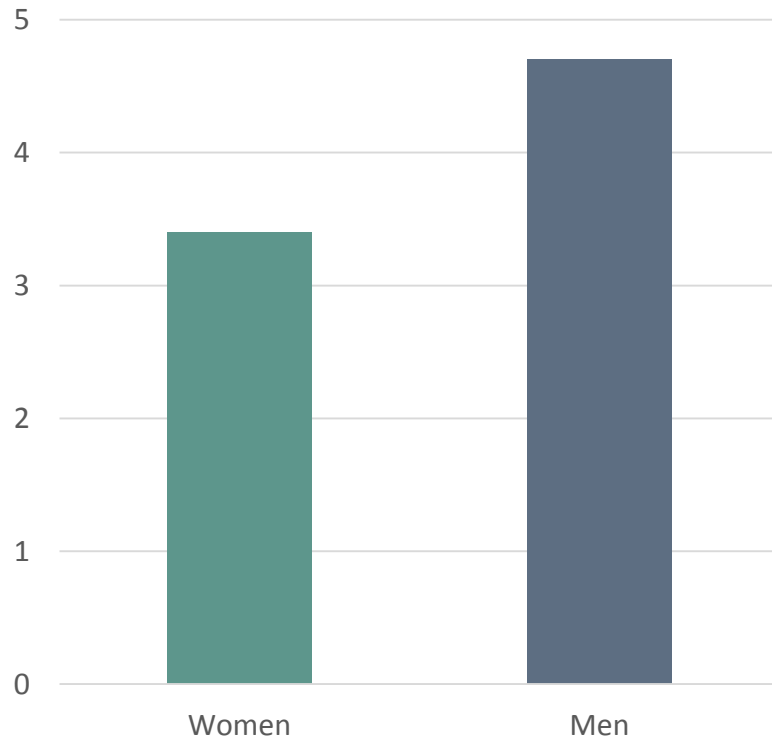


... and part-time MBAs

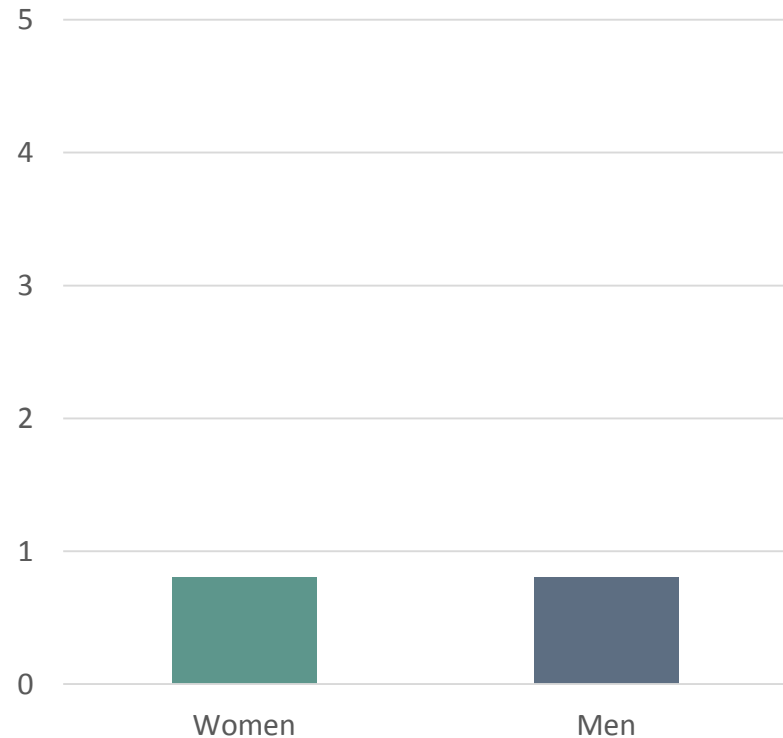


Women report a higher yield on applications

Average number of programs applied to



Average number of schools applicants accepted to*



Plan for Career Outcomes

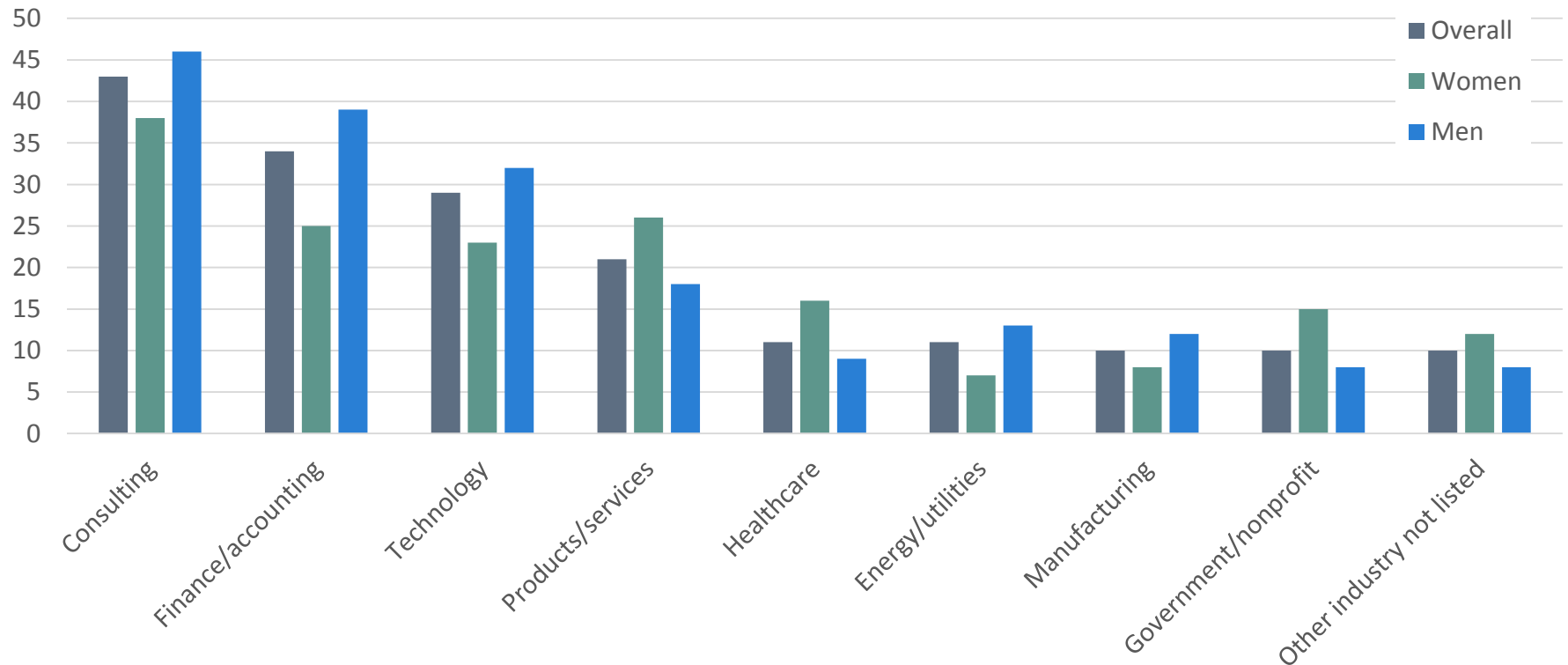
Desired industries and functions

Predicted salary outcome and raises

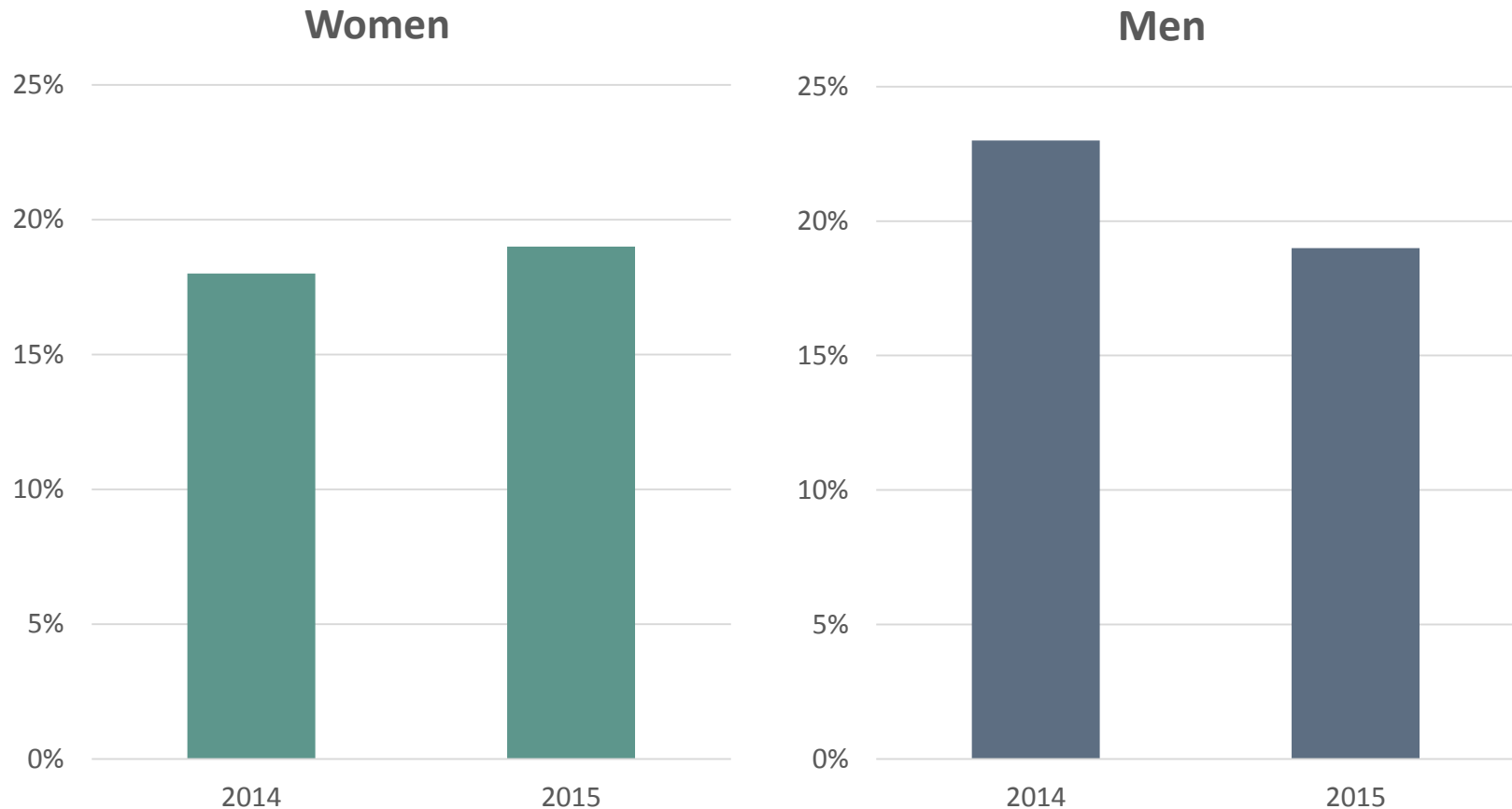
Entrepreneurship

Consulting continues to be most desired post-MBA industry

After finishing your MBA, in which of the following industries do you hope to work? Please select all that apply.



Women's interest in entrepreneurship increases slightly while men's declines



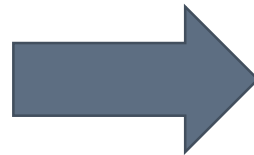
On average, applicants expect 45% increase in current salary

In what range is your current annual professional income (in U.S. dollars), including salary, commissions, bonuses, etc.?

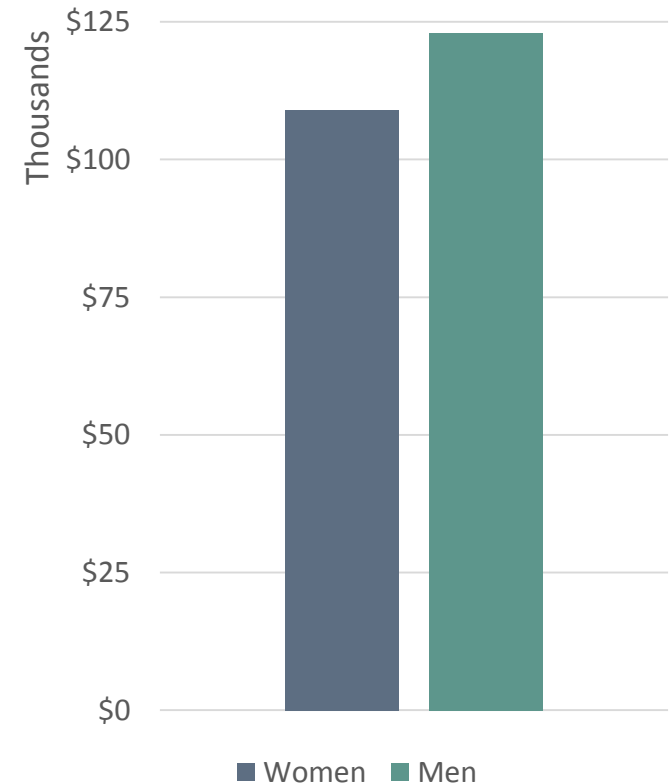


In percentage terms, what effect do you expect completing an MBA program to have on your earnings potential within the first six months of graduating?

Women = 46%
Men = 45%

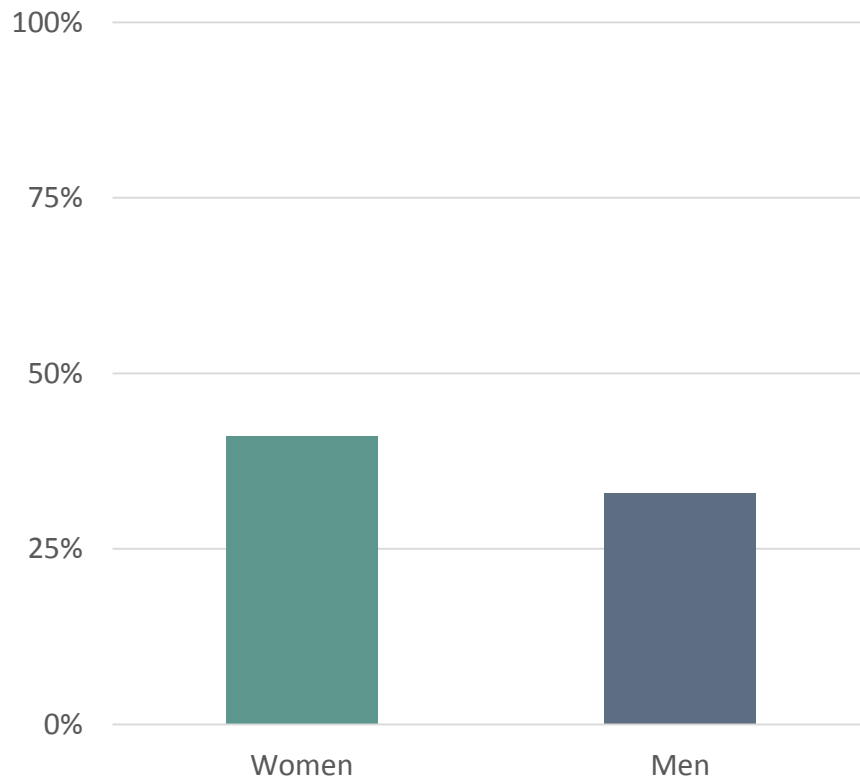


Expected future earnings

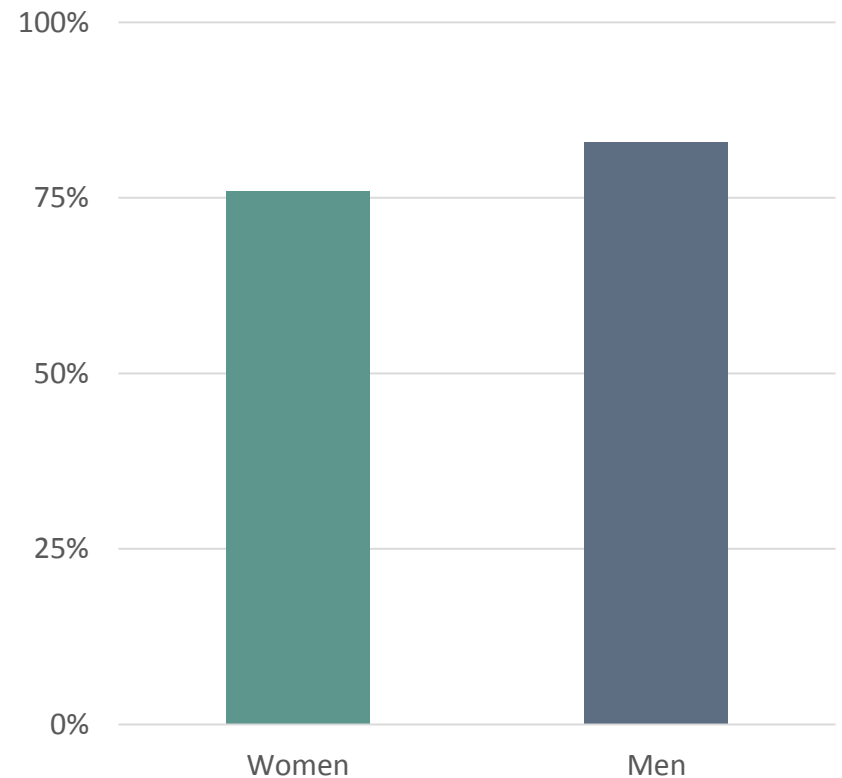


More female applicants ask for raises, however, more men receive them

*When is the last time you asked for a pay increase?
(Percent who asked in the last year)*



*When is the last time you received a pay increase?
(Percent who received pay raise in past year)*



Apply and Find Fit

Test-taking

Consultant services

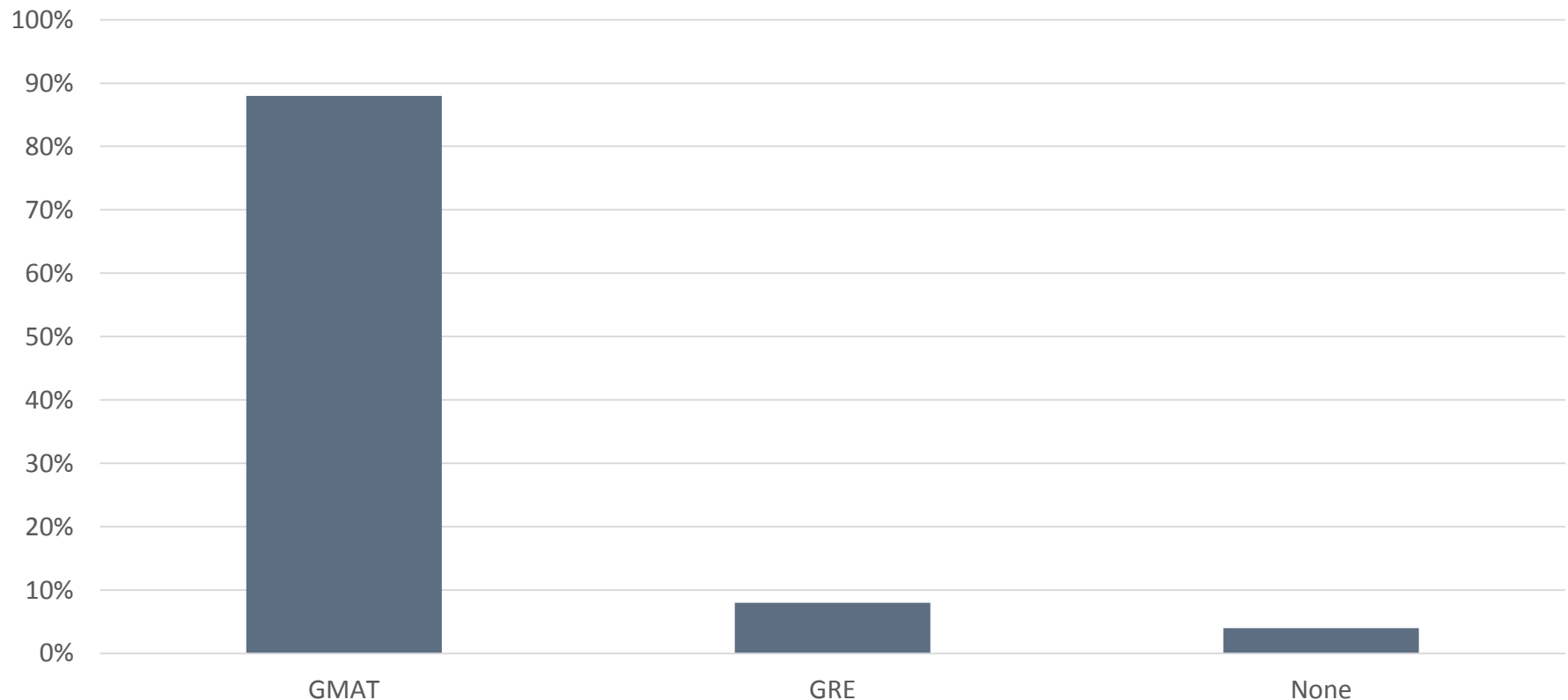
Applicants' sense of how well schools got to know them

Video essays

Letters of Recommendation

A majority of applicants report submitting the GMAT

% submitting with application



% reporting interest in joint degree program

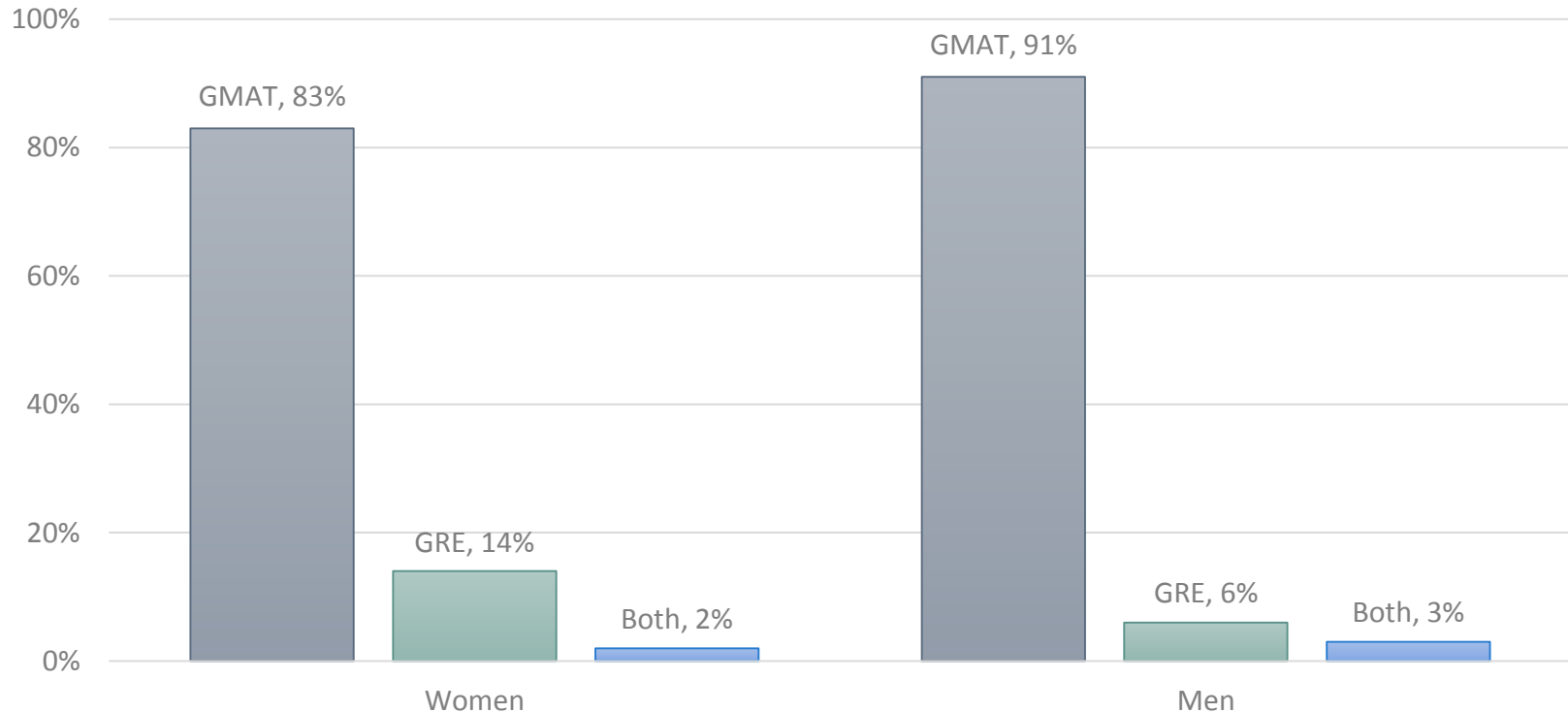
14%

25%

12%

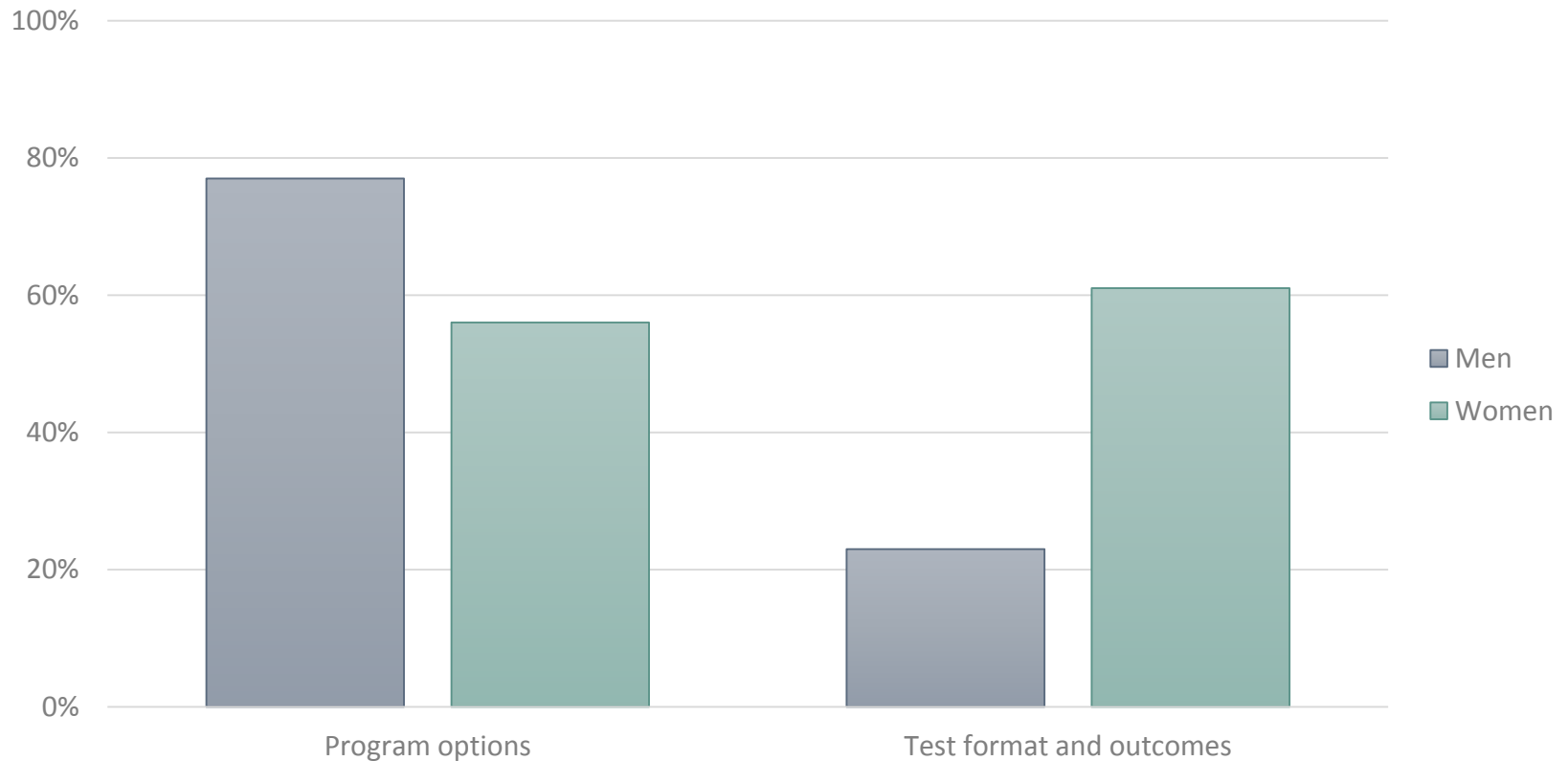
Female applicants more likely to submit the GRE than male applicants

Which test scores have you submitted as part of your business school application?



When asked why they chose to take the GRE, more women than men indicated benefits of test format

Why did you take the GRE?

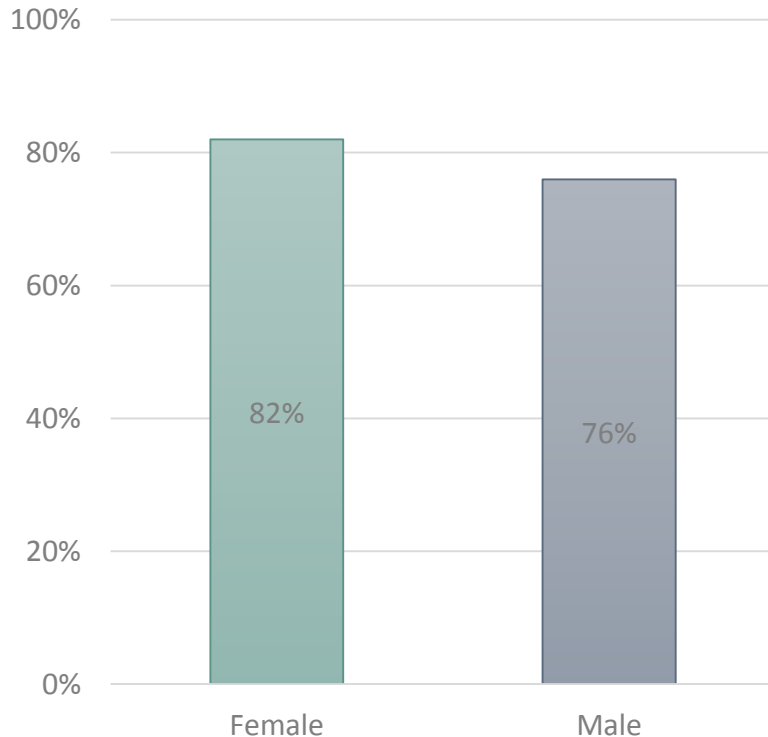


AIGAC 2015 MBA Applicant Survey, n=31

Note: **Program options** includes anyone who indicated that the GMAT allowed them to apply to multiple types of programs, that they had already applied to another program or that it offers them more options. **Test format and outcomes** includes "The ability to skip questions and return later", "Because I struggled with the GMAT", and/or "Because I can change responses".

Female applicants more likely to pay for test prep support

Did you pay for services to support your application efforts?
(Percentage of applicants using admissions consultants who paid for test prep)



The GMAT is still a source of anxiety

"I wish [my video response] was viewed instead of my entire application being culled because of a low GMAT score."

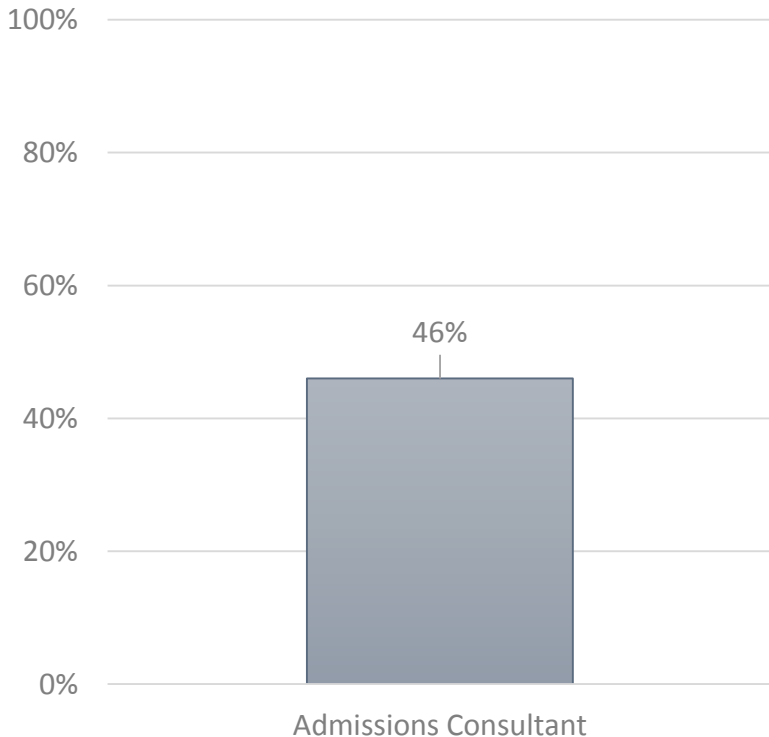
– 2015 Applicant

"I think that [recommendations are] more important than the GMAT. Many people are returning to school after a long break and the test is not always indicative of how hard someone will work for good grades."

– 2015 Applicant

Nearly half of surveyed applicants use admissions consultants

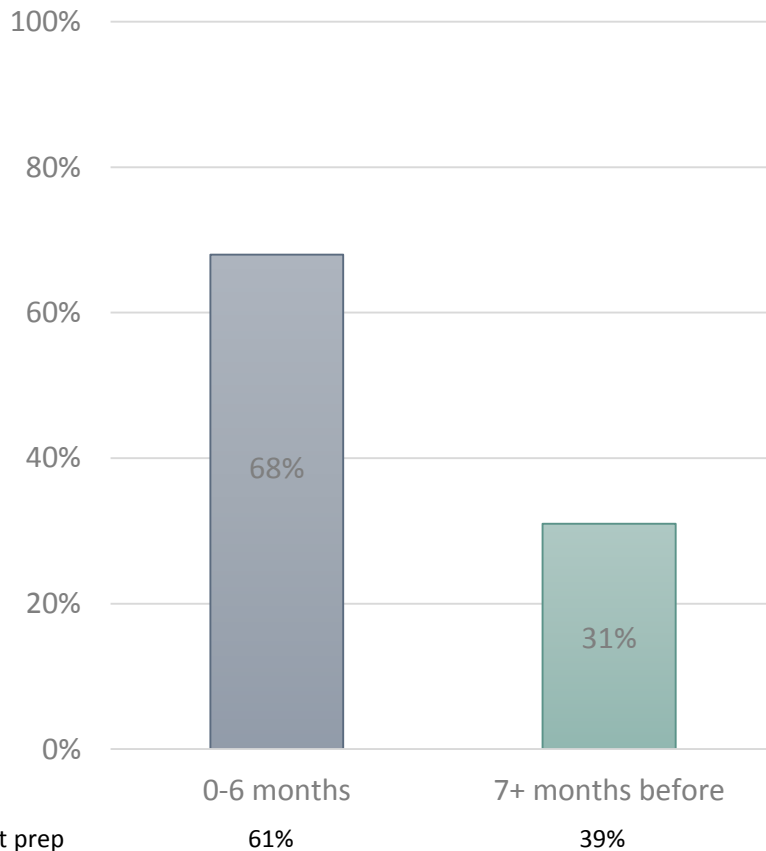
Who helped you through the admissions process?



- Male applicants were significantly more likely to say they used admissions consultants (52% vs 37% female)

30%+ of applicants begin working with consultants 6+ months before deadlines

When did you start working with an admissions consultant?

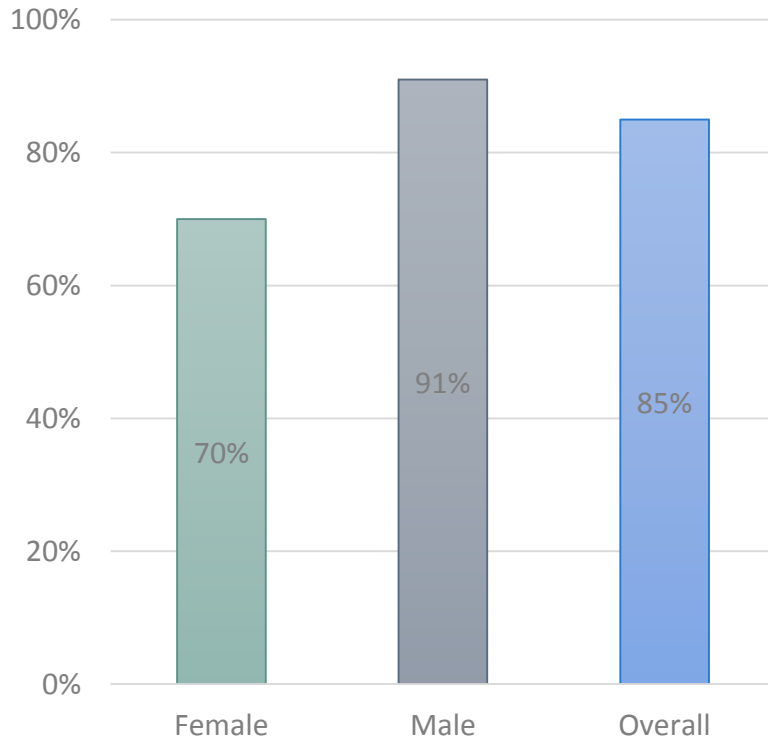


Work clients may do at an early stage

- School selection
- Recommender selection
- Goal setting
- Career planning
- Identify gaps
- Suggest classes and courses
- Research
- Introductions

Consultants support clients on a pro-bono basis, particularly women

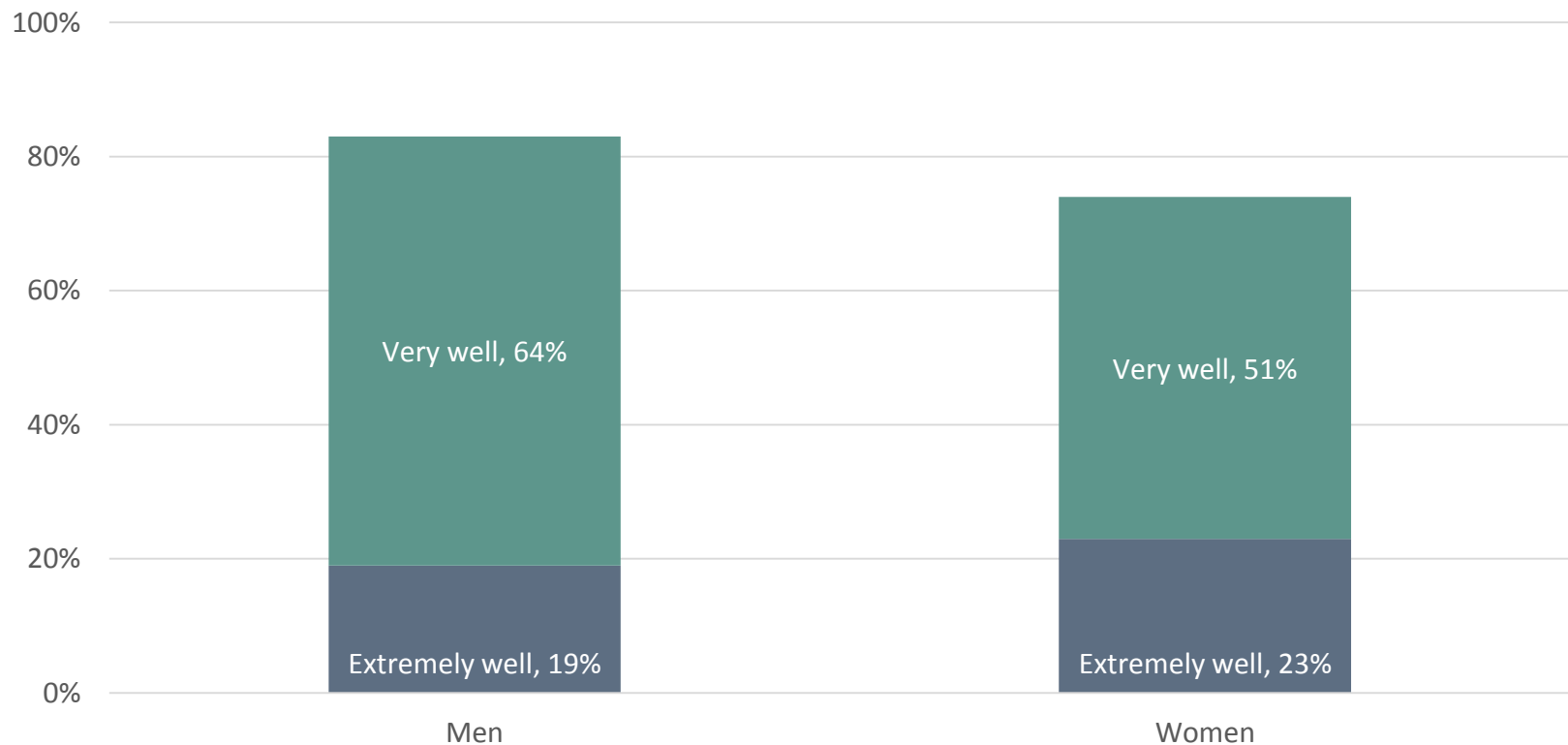
Did you pay for services to support your application efforts?
 (Asked of applicants who worked with admissions consultants)





~80% of applicants indicate consultants got to know them very well

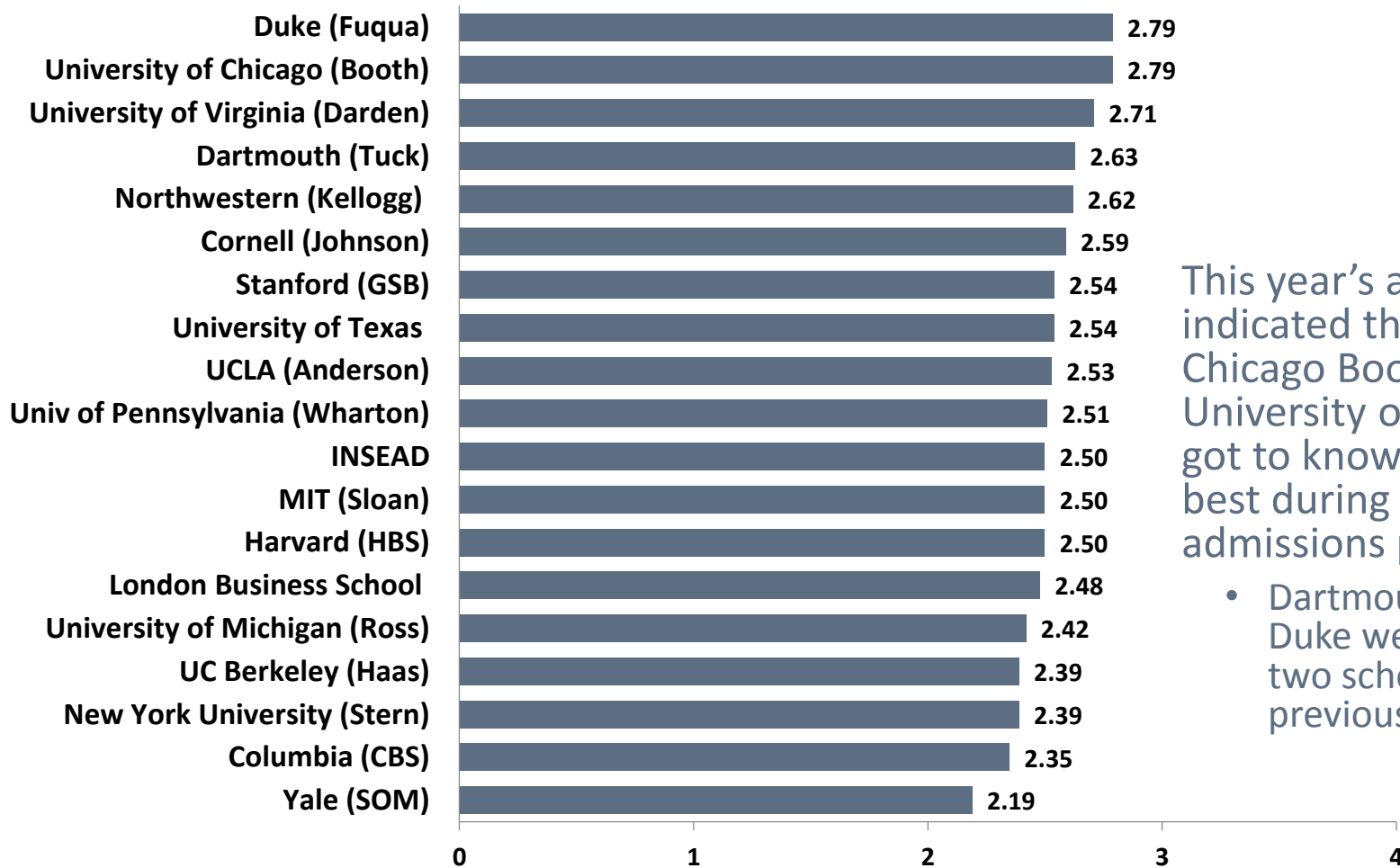
How well did your consultant get to know you?



Duke and Chicago Booth got to know applicants the best in 2014/15



How well did each of the schools get to know you through the admissions process?
Means (weighted to equalize rates) on a scale from 1 "Not at all" to 4 "Extremely well"



This year's applicants indicated that Duke, Chicago Booth and University of Virginia got to know them the best during the admissions process

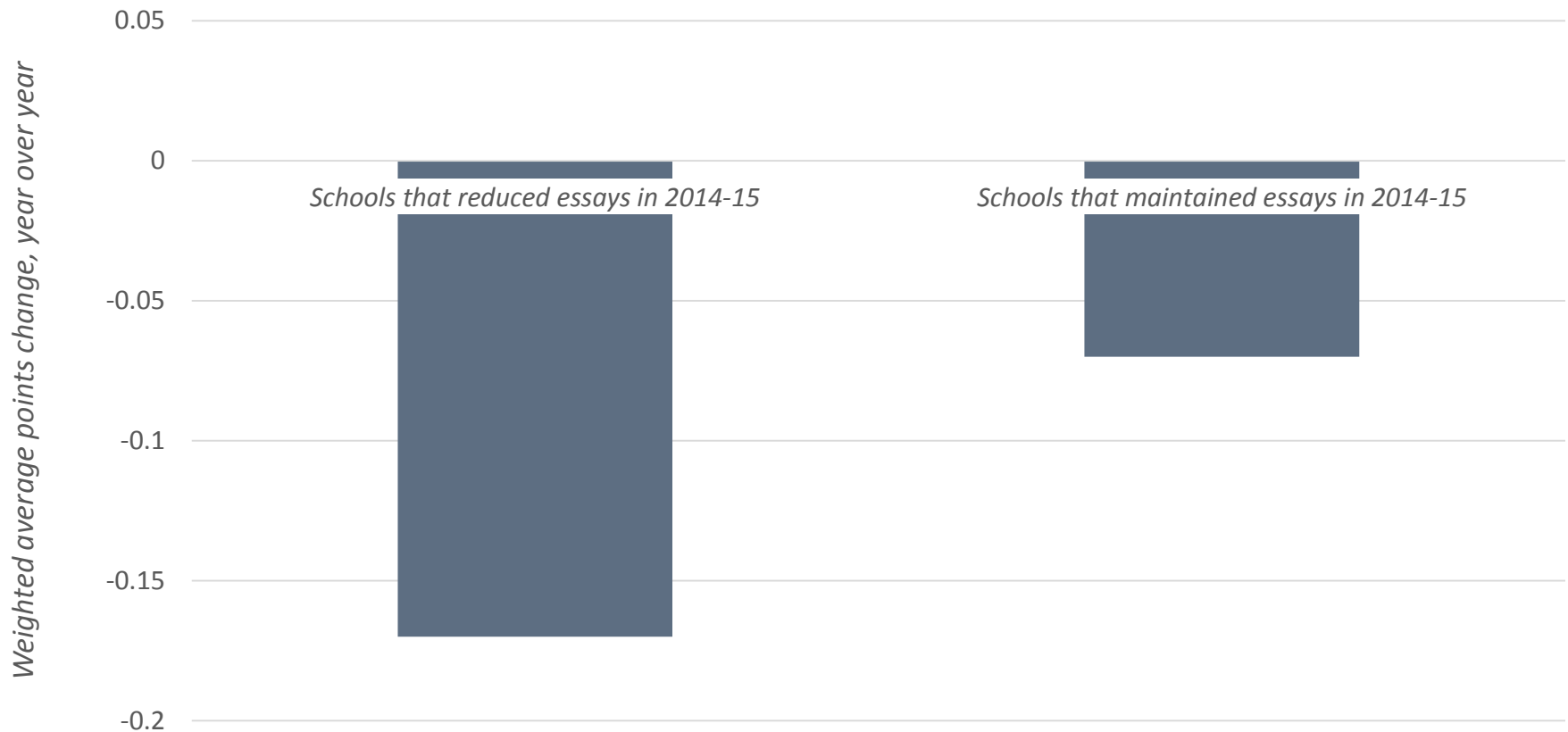
- Dartmouth and Duke were the top two schools the previous two years

Scores declined for many schools year over year

School	2013-14	2014-15	Change
University of Chicago (Booth)	2.76	2.79	0.03
Duke (Fuqua)	2.91	2.79	(0.12)
University of Virginia (Darden)	2.68	2.71	0.03
Dartmouth (Tuck)	3.00	2.63	(0.37)
Northwestern (Kellogg)	2.87	2.62	(0.25)
Cornell (Johnson)	2.66	2.59	(0.07)
University of Texas	2.59	2.54	(0.05)
Stanford (GSB)	2.64	2.54	(0.10)
UCLA (Anderson)	2.43	2.53	0.10
Univ of Pennsylvania (Wharton)	2.57	2.51	(0.06)
Harvard (HBS)	2.47	2.50	0.03
MIT (Sloan)	2.62	2.50	(0.12)
INSEAD	2.65	2.50	(0.15)
London Business School	2.50	2.48	(0.02)
University of Michigan (Ross)	2.81	2.42	(0.39)
New York University (Stern)	2.58	2.39	(0.19)
UC Berkeley (Haas)	2.57	2.39	(0.18)
Columbia (CBS)	2.52	2.35	(0.17)
Yale (SOM)	2.61	2.19	(0.42)

Scores for schools that reduced essays declined more year-over-year

Weighted average change in result: How well did each of the schools get to know you through the admissions process?
 Means (weighted to equalize admissions rates) on a scale from 1 “Not at all” to 4 “Extremely well”



AIGAC 2015 MBA Applicant Survey

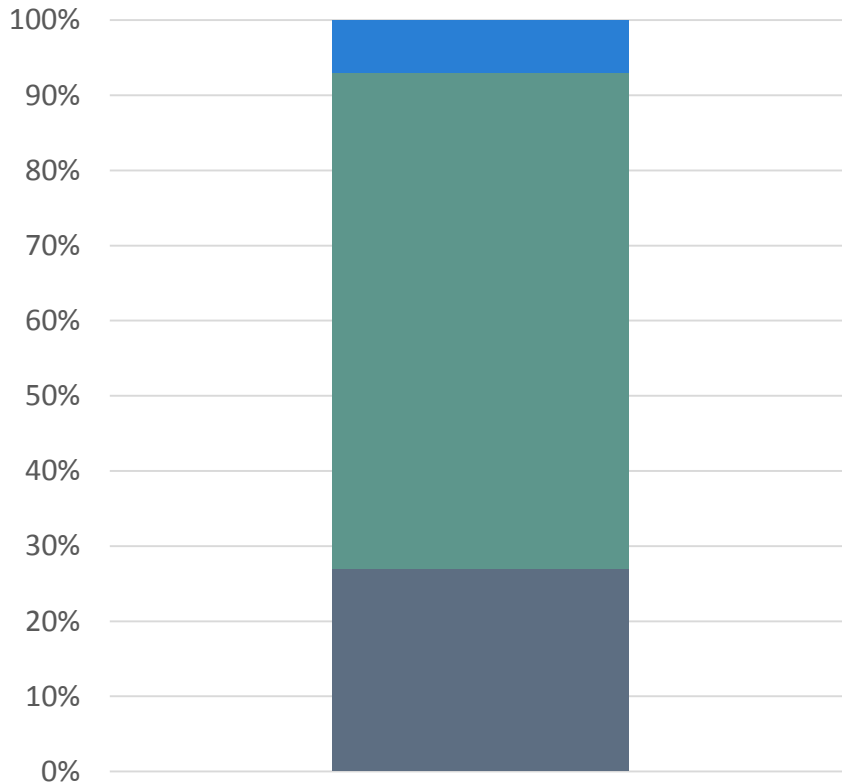
Analytical note: to correct for the distortion of prospects giving lower marks to schools that rejected them, responses were weighted to make the acceptance rate at each school the same. “N” for each school ranged from 42 to 100.

Schools noted as reducing essays included: Booth, Tuck, Kellogg, Johnson, McCombs, Stanford GSB, Wharton, Ross, Haas, Yale SOM. Schools remaining the same included: Fuqua, Darden, Anderson, HBS, Sloan, INSEAD, LBS, Stern, and Columbia.

More than 25% of respondents reported completing video essay / interview

Did you complete one or more applications with a video essay component?

■ Yes ■ No ■ Not sure



Many applicants liked video interviews

“The video essays containing spontaneous questions gives a really good representation of the candidate.”

-- 2015 Applicant

“I understand the reason for video essays but if you are interviewing everyone anyway I think they could be slightly repetitive.”

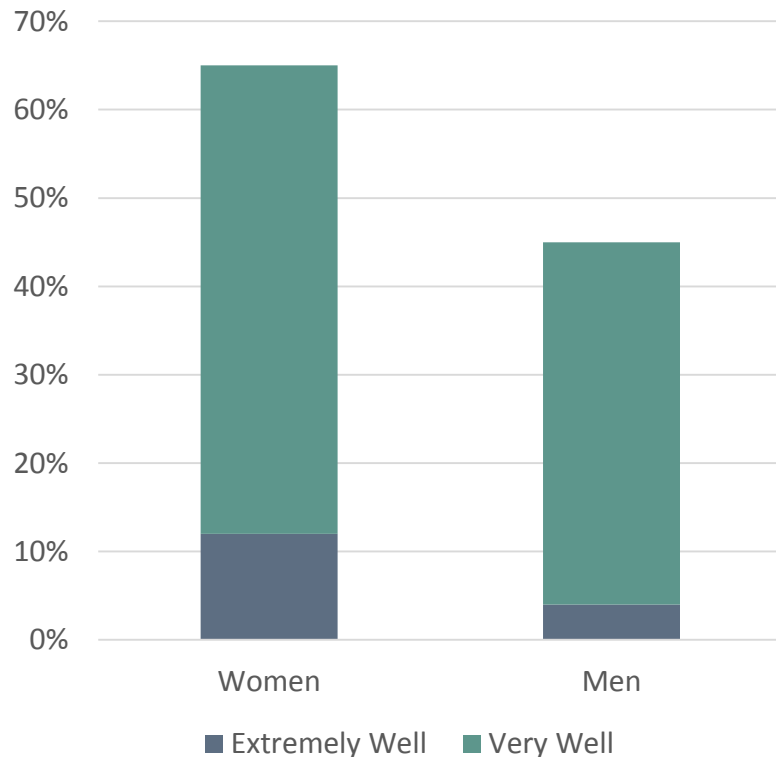
-- 2015 Applicant

“Video essay is tough, but from the perspective way of admission committees, it is a effective way to know more about the applicants.”

-- 2015 Applicant

Women are more likely to feel the video essay portion of their application represented them well

Overall, how well did the video essay/component represent you?



Among respondents, women appear to like video format more

"I liked the video essays. To me, seeing someone, how they talk, how they use their voice, how they think on their feet, etc., this gives a big insight into a person."

2015 Female Applicant

"The video essays containing spontaneous questions gives a really good representation of the candidate."

2015 Female Applicant

"Video is not the easiest way to communicate and there can't be any substitute of face to face interaction or face to face presentation."

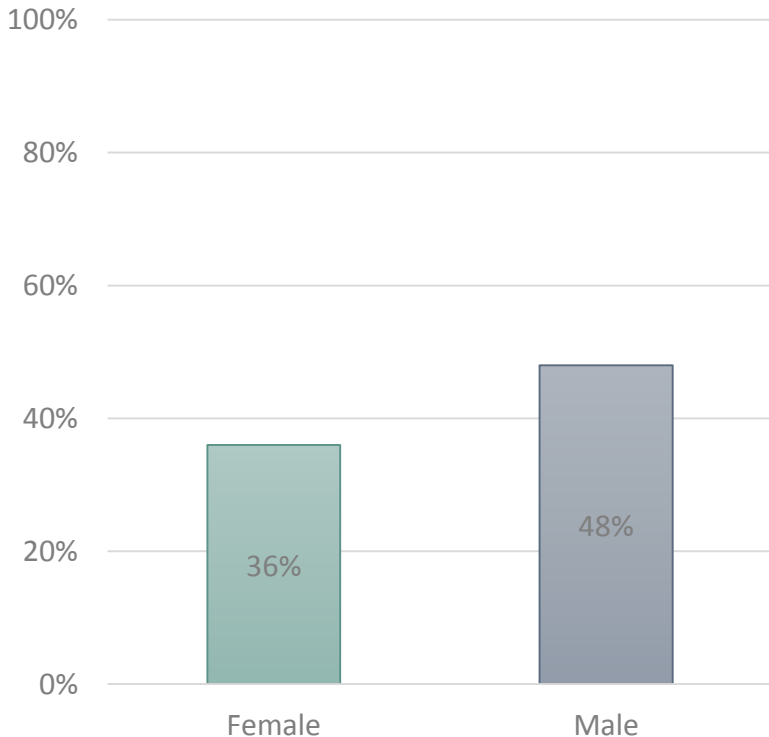
2015 Male Applicant

"I am not used to talking to a camera instead of a real person. I was not at ease when answering the questions."

2015 Male Applicant

Men were more likely to seek out paid support for interviews

Did you pay for services to support your application efforts?
(Percentage of applicants who indicated they paid for interview support)



Interviews strongly preferred to videos

"Interviews bring out the better facets than video essays."

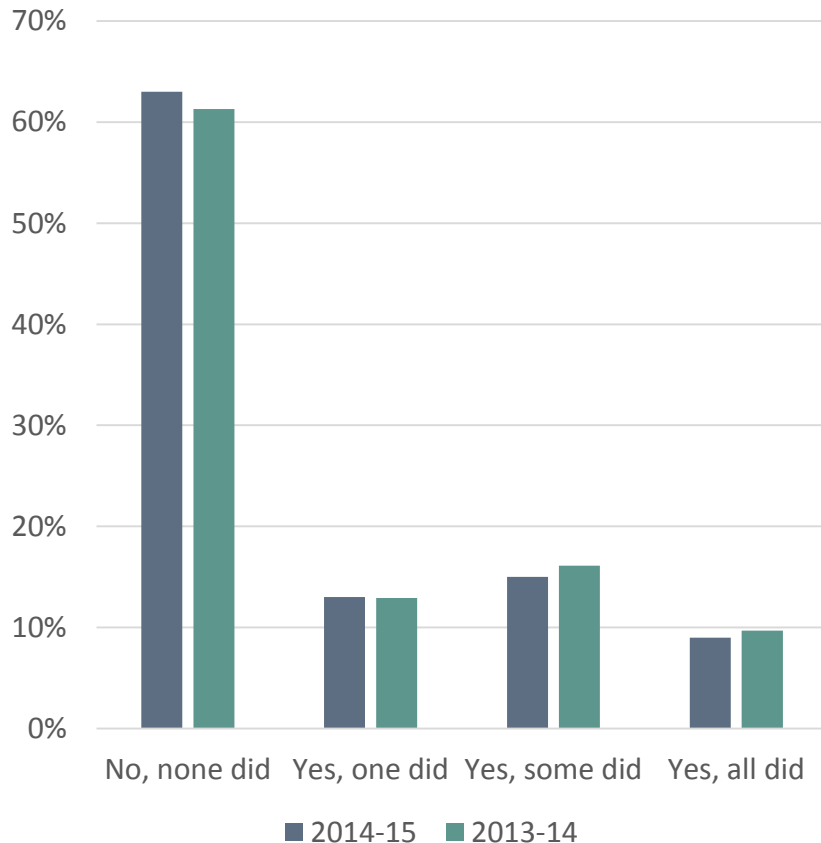
-- 2015 Applicant

"I am not used to talking to a camera instead of a real person. I was not at ease when answering the questions. I still think an in-person interview works the best."

-- 2015 Applicant

Number of applicants asked to draft/write their own recommendation letters decreased slightly YOY

Did your recommenders ask that you draft / write recommendation letters for them?



“The fact that so many people are writing their own rec letters sort of make the process silly. I went about it the honest way and amongst my friends that have also applied, I am in the minority.”

2015 Applicant

“Actually, admissions committees should be inquired about the authenticity and originality of the recommendations.”

2015 Applicant

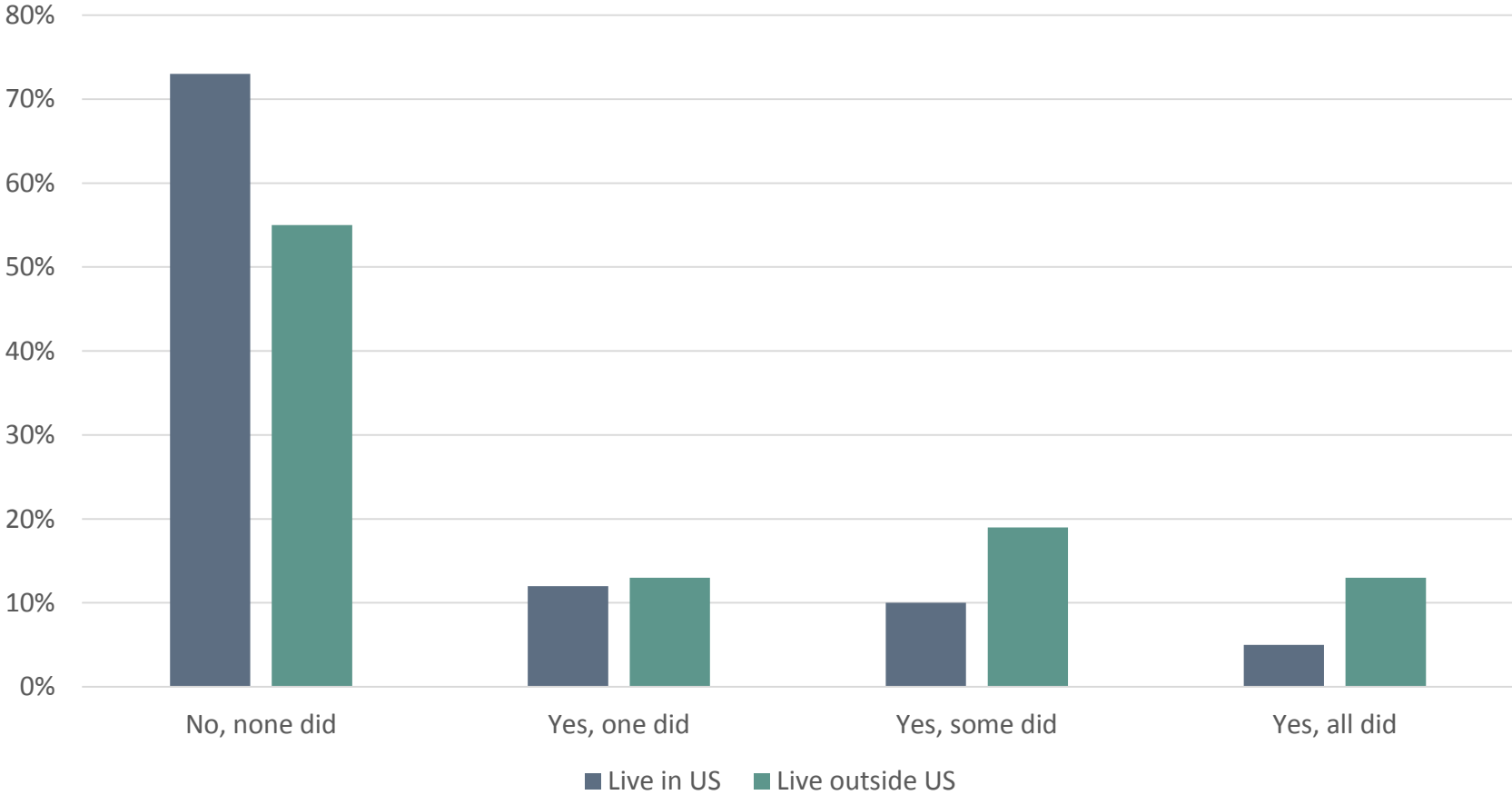
“The standardized questions used by several of the schools really streamlined the process... I truly believe it reduced the probability of me having to write my own recommendations.”

2015 Applicant

International applicants more likely to be asked to draft/write their own recommendation letters



Did your recommenders ask that you draft / write recommendation letters for them?



AIGAC has launched a new initiative in multiple languages, designed to help recommenders

A screenshot of the AIGAC website. The top navigation bar includes links for Home, About, Applicants, Future Members, Members, For Media, and Contact us. The main content area is titled "Applicant Resources" and features a sub-section "Advice for Recommenders". The text discusses the challenges of writing Letters of Recommendation (LOR) and provides links to resources in English, Spanish, Japanese, and Hindi. A sidebar on the right promotes joining AIGAC and lists 2015 sponsors, including Prodigy Finance and esmt.

The Association of International Graduate Admissions Consultants

Home About Applicants Future Members Members For Media Contact us

Applicant Resources

Advice for Recommenders

Letters of recommendation (LOR) can be one of the most fraught parts of the application process, and a session during a recent AIGAC conference where members and schools discussed LORs, confirmed this in spades. Indeed, if the application represents a big puzzle that tells the story of a compelling applicant, the LOR can be toughest piece to nail.

You want your recommender to praise you, but you also want their letter to hit all the salient points. Recommenders are happy to write the letter, but they don't always have the time or "bandwidth", so they ask you to write it up for them to sign. However, the schools insist that your letter be written by your recommender *only*. Then there are the language and cultural issues. Not every manager speaks English, nor even understands what an LOR is. It's a minefield. And AIGAC is here to help.

We have drafted an informational document that you can give your recommenders. It explains the LOR process, discusses what the schools hope to read, and offers tips on how a client can guide a recommender in a way that is consistent with what schools have advised on their own websites.


We are in the process of translating this into several languages, to make it easier for recommenders around the world to support applicants.

Here are links to the current **working drafts** that we will have finalized by July 1, 2015

[Advice to Recommenders - English Version](#)
[Advice to Recommenders - Spanish Version](#)
[Advice to Recommenders - Japanese Version](#)
[Advice to Recommenders - Hindi Version](#)

Coming soon in Mandarin, French, German, and Portuguese


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www.aigac.org/for-applicants/resources/

Questions?